Online Appendix: Financial Fragility during the COVID-19 Pandemic
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Table A1: Demographics and Financial Fragility Descriptive Results

| Variable | Observations | Overall \% | Non-fragile | Fragile | No Answer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age 45-49 | 415 | 14.81\% | 68.74\% | 23.17\% | 8.09\% |
| Age 50-54 | 476 | 16.57\% | 70.94\% | 24.87\% | 4.19\% |
| Age 55-59 | 538 | 18.04\% | 70.54\% | 26.64\% | 2.82\% |
| Age 60-64 | 554 | 20.29\% | 81.06\% | 15.08\% | 3.86\% |
| Age 65-69 | 488 | 16.29\% | 77.49\% | 17.92\% | 4.59\% |
| Age 70 and up | 430 | 13.97\% | 82.66\% | 14.94\% | 2.40\% |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 1310 | 52.09\% | 81.25\% | 15.58\% | 3.16\% |
| Female | 1591 | 47.91\% | 68.79\% | 25.75\% | 5.47\% |
| Race/Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 2493 | 82.01\% | 78.80\% | 18.65\% | 2.55\% |
| Hispanic/Latino | 185 | 10.03\% | 65.49\% | 29.22\% | 5.28\% |
| Asian | 117 | 5.63\% | 81.12\% | 13.39\% | 5.50\% |
| Black/African American | 260 | 12.76\% | 51.39\% | 33.94\% | 14.67\% |
| Education Level |  |  |  |  |  |
| High School or Less | 647 | 38.37\% | 63.80\% | 29.39\% | 6.82\% |
| Some College | 1123 | 29.18\% | 73.65\% | 21.94\% | 4.41\% |
| Bachelor's Degree | 679 | 18.79\% | 89.32\% | 9.07\% | 1.61\% |
| Graduate Degree | 453 | 13.66\% | 91.72\% | 7.84\% | 0.44\% |
| Marital Status |  |  |  |  |  |
| Married | 1790 | 60.63\% | 85.13\% | 12.03\% | 2.84\% |
| Divorced | 601 | 20.50\% | 67.72\% | 27.79\% | 4.49\% |
| Separated | 49 | 1.69\% | 42.86\% | 53.06\% | 4.08\% |
| Widowed | 157 | 5.48\% | 61.86\% | 27.13\% | 11.01\% |
| Never Married | 304 | 11.70\% | 57.82\% | 35.02\% | 7.16\% |
| Income Level (\$) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Income under 15 k | 279 | 11.31\% | 27.22\% | 57.38\% | 15.39\% |
| Income 15k-<25k | 233 | 8.99\% | 53.92\% | 40.41\% | 5.66\% |
| Income 25k - <35k | 292 | 9.73\% | 59.30\% | 32.02\% | 8.68\% |
| Income 35k - < 50k | 370 | 13.31\% | 74.27\% | 20.91\% | 4.82\% |
| Income 50k - < 75k | 551 | 18.72\% | 85.25\% | 12.93\% | 1.83\% |
| Income 75k - <100 | 401 | 12.73\% | 92.25\% | 6.60\% | 1.16\% |
| Income 100k - < 150 | 429 | 14.06\% | 94.07\% | 5.63\% | 0.30\% |
| Income 150k or higher | 341 | 11.07\% | 96.68\% | 3.32\% | 0.00\% |
| Employment Status |  |  |  |  |  |
| Works full-time | 1302 | 46.34\% | 82.88\% | 13.25\% | 3.87\% |
| Works part-time | 313 | 9.32\% | 73.39\% | 22.20\% | 4.41\% |
| Not working | 1287 | 44.35\% | 67.74\% | 27.61\% | 4.65\% |


| Income Shocks |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Suffered Income Shock <br> No Income Shock | 538 | $19.10 \%$ | $69.33 \%$ | $26.10 \%$ | $4.56 \%$ |
| Late medical bills | 2364 | $80.90 \%$ | $76.68 \%$ | $19.12 \%$ | $4.20 \%$ |
| Late medical bills <br> No late medical bills | 2473 | $84.10 \%$ | $79.69 \%$ | $16.00 \%$ | $4.31 \%$ |
| Financial Literacy <br> Average number correct <br> out of Big Three <br> Average number correct <br> out of all 12 questions | 2891 | 2.26 | 2.46 | 1.68 | 1.01 |
| Total | 2891 | 7.93 | 8.52 | 6.25 | 3.61 |

Entries show percent of each variable by fragility, apart from the financial literacy variables where means are reported. Data are weighted using survey weights.

Table A2: Logit Marginal Effects: Financial Fragility using 3-Question and 12-Question Literacy Indices: Weighted

|  | 3-Question Model | 12-Question Model |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| VARIABLES | Financial Fragility | Financial Fragility |
| Financial Literacy |  |  |
| Total Questions Correct (Out of Big Three) | $\begin{aligned} & -0.021 \\ & (0.011) \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Total Questions Correct (Out of All Twelve) |  | $\begin{aligned} & -0.010 \\ & (0.005) \end{aligned}$ |
| Age (Base Age 45-49) |  |  |
| Age 50-54 | $\begin{aligned} & -0.032 \\ & (0.032) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -0.028 \\ & (0.032) \end{aligned}$ |
| Age 55-59 | $\begin{aligned} & -0.034 \\ & (0.033) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -0.036 \\ & (0.033) \end{aligned}$ |
| Age 60-64 | $\begin{aligned} & -0.128 \\ & (0.031) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -0.128 \\ & (0.031) \end{aligned}$ |
| Age 65-69 | $\begin{aligned} & -0.104 \\ & (0.035) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -0.105 \\ & (0.035) \end{aligned}$ |
| Age 70 and up | $\begin{aligned} & -0.125 \\ & (0.035) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -0.126 \\ & (0.035) \end{aligned}$ |
| Gender (Base Female) |  |  |
| Male | $\begin{aligned} & -0.010 \\ & (0.020) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -0.011 \\ & (0.020) \end{aligned}$ |
| Race/Ethnicity (Base White) |  |  |
| Hispanic/Latino | $\begin{aligned} & 0.085 \\ & (0.033) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.080 \\ & (0.033) \end{aligned}$ |
| Asian | $\begin{aligned} & -0.055 \\ & (0.059) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -0.056 \\ & (0.059) \end{aligned}$ |
| Black/African American | $\begin{aligned} & 0.047 \\ & (0.034) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.040 \\ & (0.034) \end{aligned}$ |
| Education (Base High School or Less) |  |  |
| Some College Education | $\begin{aligned} & -0.012 \\ & (0.022) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -0.010 \\ & (0.022) \end{aligned}$ |
| Bachelor's Degree | $\begin{aligned} & -0.057 \\ & (0.030) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -0.049 \\ & (0.030) \end{aligned}$ |
| Graduate Degree | $\begin{aligned} & -0.028 \\ & (0.034) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -0.022 \\ & (0.033) \end{aligned}$ |
| Marital Status (Base Married) |  |  |
| Separated (Marital Status) | $\begin{aligned} & 0.058 \\ & (0.062) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.054 \\ & (0.063) \end{aligned}$ |
| Divorced | $\begin{aligned} & 0.089 \\ & (0.026) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.089 \\ & (0.026) \end{aligned}$ |
| Widowed | $\begin{aligned} & 0.056 \\ & (0.044) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.056 \\ & (0.045) \end{aligned}$ |
| Never Married | $\begin{aligned} & 0.072 \\ & (0.031) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.070 \\ & (0.031) \end{aligned}$ |
| Household Size |  |  |
| Number of Household | 0.017 | 0.017 |
| Members | (0.009) | (0.009) |
| Income (Base $<\mathbf{1 5 k}$ ) <br> Income $15 \mathrm{k}-<25 \mathrm{k}$ | -0.115 | -0.112 |


|  | $(0.033)$ | $(0.033)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Income $25 \mathrm{k}-<35 \mathrm{k}$ | -0.164 | -0.157 |
|  | $(0.036)$ | $(0.037)$ |
| Income $35 \mathrm{k}-<50 \mathrm{k}$ | -0.234 | -0.228 |
|  | $(0.032)$ | $(0.033)$ |
| Income $50 \mathrm{k}-<75 \mathrm{k}$ | -0.251 | -0.243 |
|  | $(0.032)$ | $(0.033)$ |
| Income $75 \mathrm{k}-<100 \mathrm{k}$ | -0.390 | -0.397 |
|  | $(0.047)$ | $(0.049)$ |
| Income $100 \mathrm{k}-<150 \mathrm{k}$ | -0.350 | -0.343 |
|  | $(0.042)$ | $(0.043)$ |
| Income 150 k or higher | -0.428 | -0.422 |
|  | $(0.055)$ | $(0.055)$ |
| Employment Status | -0.040 | -0.043 |
| Works full-time | $(0.024)$ | $(0.024)$ |
|  |  |  |
| Income Shock | 0.027 | 0.027 |
| Suffered Income Shock | $(0.023)$ | $(0.023)$ |
| N. of observations | 2,685 | 2,682 |
| Percent Financially Fragile | $19.08 \%$ | $19.08 \%$ |

Marginal effects calculated using the margins Stata package. "Do not Know" Responses dropped from sample for estimation. Robust standard errors in parentheses.

## A3. Financial Literacy Questionnaire

The following questions are designed to test respondents' financial literacy. Correct answers are italicized.

Fin033: Suppose you had $\$ 100$ in a savings account and the interest rate was $\mathbf{2 \%}$ per year. After 5 years, how much do you think you would have in the account if you left the money to grow?

- 1 More than $\$ 102$
- 2 Exactly $\$ 102$
- 3 Less than $\$ 102$
- 98 Don't know

Fin034: Imagine that the interest rate on your savings account was 1\% per year and inflation was $\mathbf{2 \%}$ per year. After 1 year, how much would you be able to buy with the money in this account?

- 1 More than today
- 2 Exactly the same
- 3 Less than today
- 98 Don't know

Fin035: Please tell me whether this statement is true or false. "Buying a single company's stock usually provides a safer return than a stock mutual fund."

- 1 True
- 2 False
- 98 Don't know

Fin036: Suppose you owe $\$ 1,000$ on a loan and the interest rate you are charged is $\mathbf{2 0 \%}$ per year compounded annually. If you didn't pay anything off, at this interest rate, how many years would it take for the amount you owe to double?

- 1 Less than 2 years
- 2 At least 2 years but less than 5 years
- 3 At least 5 years but less than 10 years
- 4 At least 10 years
- 98 Don't know

Fin037: Suppose you had $\$ 100$ in a checking account that pays no interest. If you withdrew $5 \%$ of what was left in the account each year, how much do you think you would have left in the account at the end of 2 years?

- 1 More than $\$ 90$
- 2 Exactly $\$ 90$
- 3 Less than $\$ 90$
- 98 Don't know

Fin038: There's a 50/50 chance that Jay's old car will need repair in the next year, which will cost him $\$ 800$. Also, in the next year, there is a $\mathbf{1 0 \%}$ chance that Jay will need to replace the carpeting in his home and basement which will cost him $\$ \mathbf{3 , 0 0 0}$. Which poses the greater expected cost to Jay?

- 1 The car repair
- 2 The carpeting replacement
- 3 There is no way to tell in advance
- 98 Don't know

Fin039: Which statement is true? Alex has a low credit score. This means that:

- 1 He has a history of late payments and carrying balances on his credit cards
- 2 He can get a low interest rate on loans and credit cards
- 3 He can get a low premium on car and homeowner's insurances
- 98 Don't know

Fin040: Susan worries about living a long life and running out of money. How could she manage that possibility?

- 1 There is nothing she can do about this
- 2 Buy life insurance
- 3 Buy an annuity
- 98 Don't know

Fin041: Jesse is a retired worker. Which statement is correct about Jesse's Social Security?

- 1 Jesse's monthly Social Security benefits will be the same no matter how old he was when he started to receive them
- 2 Social Security will pay Jesse a benefit sufficient to maintain his pre-retirement living standard
- 3 Social Security will pay a benefit to Jesse until he dies
- 98 Don't know

Fin042: Chuck plays the lottery, spending $\$ 50$ per month on tickets. Which statement is correct?

- 1 This is a good strategy to accumulate wealth
- 2 To accumulate wealth, Chuck should save the money each month rather than buy lottery tickets
- 3 It is a good strategy if Chuck has a good system to pick numbers
- 98 Don't know

Fin043: Bill and Mary own a house which they would like to sell to move to a smaller place. Which statement about selling the house is correct?

- 1 Bill and Mary must pay off their existing mortgage before they can put their old house on the market.
- 2 Bill and Mary cannot get a new mortgage unless they get back their purchase price.
- 3 When Bill and Mary sell their house, they will receive the price they sell their house for, minus their outstanding mortgage and other expenses associated with selling the house.
- 98 Don't know

Fin044: Suppose Andy purchases an appliance that retails for $\$ 1,000$ with equal monthly payments of $\mathbf{\$ 1 0 0}$ per month for 12 months. The total payments Andy made by the year's end total $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 2 0 0}$. What is the interest rate that Andy paid for this purchase?

- 1 More than $10 \%$ but less than $20 \%$
- 2 More than $20 \%$
- 3 Not enough information to calculate the interest rate on his purchase
- 98 Don’t know

Related Variables:

| literacy_3 | Financial literacy "score" calculated from the number of correct answers to <br> FIN033, FIN034, and FIN035 |
| :--- | :--- |
| literacy_12 | Financial literacy "score" calculated from the number of correct answers to <br> all 12 literacy questions |

