## Online Appendix

## Where Does Wealth Come From? Measuring Lifetime Resources in Norway

Table A1: Household's net wealth - distribution in 2014 (EUR thousands)

|  | EU | Germany | Italy | Norway | France | Austria |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mean | 219.9 | 214.3 | 225.6 | 242.7 | 243.1 | 258.4 |
| p10 | 0.8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| p20 | 6.9 | 0.0 | 2.5 | -28.6 | 3.0 | 1.0 |
| p30 | 23.4 | 10.6 | 10.6 | -0.5 | 10.6 | 27.6 |
| p40 | 56.6 | 26.8 | 44.1 | 58.0 | 65.2 | 15.8 |
| p50 | 96.4 | 60.8 | 111.9 | 147.0 | 192.3 | 113.3 |
| p60 | 148.9 | 174.8 | 246.0 | 275.9 | 170.0 | 84.4 |
| p70 | 211.8 | 274.2 | 323.0 | 384.8 | 235.7 | 162.5 |
| p80 | 300.9 | 468.8 | 506.9 | 380.9 | 532.3 | 252.5 |
| p90 | 487.0 |  |  |  | 363.8 |  |

Notes: The table reports the average household net wealth in 2014 (in thousands of euros) at each percentile of the distribution for 5 European countries and in the EU. For Norway, the table is based on our own calculations, including all individuals older than 16 in the household. For other countries, the data come from the HFCS Statistical Tables Wave 2014, Table J3.

Table A2: Descriptive Statistics

| Variables | Mean | Median | SD | Observations |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net wealth in 2013 | 1625658 | 1089610 | 7852663 | 1535056 |
| Lifetime resources | 6999534 | 6096310 | 11615416 | 1535056 |
| Net labor income | 4099420 | 4125837 | 2142961 | 1535056 |
| Net capital income | 433382 | 162488 | 4020864 | 1535056 |
| Government transfers net of taxes | 678765 | 367830 | 759661 | 1535056 |
| Net inheritance and gifts received | 199929 | 8700 | 644378 | 1535056 |
| Lottery/gambling gains | 9322 | 0 | 202545 | 1535056 |
| Capital gains on real assets | 1088884 | 882882 | 1156886 | 1535056 |
| Net capital gains on risky financial assets | 334103 | 24714 | 7559382 | 1535056 |
| Wealth tax | 46878 | 699 | 832100 | 1535056 |
| Net wealth in 1994 | 202607 | 47545 | 1590605 | 1535056 |
| Parental wealth in 1994 | 971296 | 586629 | 3955838 | 1372347 |
| Age in 1994 | 33.2 | 33.0 | 7.4 | 1535056 |
| Number of children | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.2 | 1535056 |
| Women | 0.49 | 0.00 | 0.50 | 1535056 |
| Non Norwegian background | 0.10 | 0.00 | 0.30 | 1535056 |
| Higher education degree | 0.32 | 0.00 | 0.47 | 1535056 |
| Last surviving parent died before 1995 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.20 | 1403226 |
| Last surviving parent died during 1995-2013 | 0.27 | 0.00 | 0.44 | 1403226 |
| Last surviving parent died after 2013 | 0.69 | 1.00 | 0.46 | 1403226 |
| Number of siblings | 2.1 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 1446569 |

Notes: The figure refers to a balanced panel of all adults born between 1948 and 1973 and registered as Norwegian residents in each year between 1994 and 2013. Each row corresponds to a specific variable. The first row corresponds to individuals' net wealth in 2013. The second row indicates individuals' lifetime resources. The following nine rows report the components of individuals' lifetime resources. Row 12 reports parental net wealth in 1994 (for individuals who have at least one parent alive and resident of Norway in 1994). Rows 13 to 21 further describe individuals' characteristics, that is their age in 1994 (row 13), how many children they have (row 14), their gender (row 15), whether they have an immigrant background (row 16), whether they hold a higher education degree (row 17), information on the timing of the death of their last surviving parent (row 18 to 20), and how many siblings they have (row 21).

Table A3: Predictions of Child Outcomes

|  | Middle school <br> GPA | Enrollment in academic <br> high school track | Enrollment <br> in higher education | Completed years <br> of education |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Panel A: Parents' position in the distribution of lifetime resources |  |  |  |  |
| R-squared | 0.069 | 0.061 |  |  |

Notes: The Table refers to the same sample as Table A2, restricted to parents whose first child was between 16 and 22 in 2013 (columns 1 to 3), or between 20 and 22 in 2013 (column 4). Each cell reports the R-squared from separate regressions with the variable mentioned above as dependent variable, and 99 indicators for parents' percentile rank in the distribution of lifetime resources (Panel A) or net wealth (Panel B) as independent variables. Parents' percentile rankings are age-specific. All dependent variables concern parents' first child, and children's middle school GPA is standardized to zero mean and unit variance.

Table A4: Inheritance tax rates in Norway

|  | Inheritance value | Chidren, parents | Other heir |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $1993-1998$ |  |  |  |
|  | $0-100,000$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
|  | $100,000-400,000$ | $8 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
|  | $>400,000$ | $20 \%$ | $30 \%$ |
| $1999-2002$ |  |  |  |
|  | $0-200,000$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
|  | $200,000-500,000$ | $8 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
|  | $>500,000$ | $20 \%$ | $30 \%$ |
| $2003-2008$ |  | $0 \%$ |  |
|  | $0-250,000$ | $8 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
|  | $250,000-550,000$ | $20 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
|  | $>550,000$ |  | $30 \%$ |
| $2009-2013$ | $0-470,000$ | $6 \%$ |  |
|  | $470,000-800,000$ | $10 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
|  | $>800,000$ |  | $8 \%$ |
|  |  |  | $15 \%$ |

Notes: The table reports the tax rates on inheritances across time. Tax rates vary based on the amount of the inheritance and the relationship to the deceased.

