

## ONLINE APPENDIX

### **Liquidity and Consumption**

Evidence from three post-earthquakes reconstruction programs in Italy

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This document explains the mnemonics in the data set to accompany ‘Liquidity and Consumption. Evidence from three post-earthquakes reconstruction programs in Italy’. The corresponding data set is used to run the econometric models discussed in the paper.

- Region: Administrative region
- OO: Resident status (dummy; 1 = homeowner)
- C: Amount of expenditure on nondurables (food and other nondurables)
- CF: Amount of expenditure on food
- CO: Amount of expenditure on other nondurables
- Income: Net disposable income (excluding income from financial assets)
- Rent: Imputed rents relative to Income
- Size: Number of household members
- Earners: Number of income earners in the household
- Head: Head of household main income earner (dummy; 1 = Head of household)
- Age: Age of Householder (years)
- Education: Educational qualification
  - 1 = none
  - 2 = elementary school
  - 3 = middle school
  - 4 = high school
  - 5 = bachelor’s degree
  - 6 = post-graduate qualification

- Sector: Main employment, branch of activity
  - 1 = agriculture
  - 2 = manufacturing, building and construction
  - 3 = wholesale and retail trade, lodging and catering services
  - 4 = transport and communication
  - 5 = services of credit and insurance institutions
  - 6 = general government
  - 7 = real estate and renting services, other professional, business activities and other private and public services
  - 8 = not employed
- Occupation1: Main employment, work status
  - employee:
    - 1 = blue-collar worker or similar
    - 2 = office worker or school teacher
    - 3 = manager
  - self-employed:
    - 4 = member of the arts or professions
    - 5 = sole proprietor
    - 6 = free lance
    - 7 = not employed (unpaid family member included)
- Occupation2: Secondary employment, work status: (as Occupation1, but: 7=no secondary employment)
- Irr: Amount of irregular inflows, such as inheritances and donations
- Pop: Division of municipalities by resident population (five groups)
  - 1 = up to 5,000 inhabitants
  - 2 = from 5,000 to 20,000 inhabitants
  - 3 = from 20,000 to 50,000 inhabitants
  - 4 = from 50,000 to 200,000 inhabitants
  - 5 = more than 200,000 inhabitants.
- Value: Value of the property
- Wealth: Real assets
- Estate: Real estate—housing, land and other buildings—(dummy; 1 = greater than 0)

- Debt: Liabilities to banks and financial companies
- INDEXLIQ: Index of liquidity-debt (dummy; 1 = Real estate, 2012, greater than 0 & Liabilities to banks and financial companies, end 2010, greater than zero & share of Deposits, CDs, repos, postal savings certificates to Income, end 2010, less than 0.5)
- INDEXLIQ04: as INDEXLIQ but share of liquidity less than 0.4
- INDEXLIQ03: as INDEXLIQ but share of liquidity less than 0.3
- INDEXLIQ02: as INDEXLIQ but share of liquidity less than 0.2
- Sector-new: Main employment, branch of activity
  - 1 = agriculture
  - 2 = manufacturing
  - 3 = building and construction
  - 4 = wholesale and retail trade, lodging and catering services
  - 5 = transport and communication
  - 6 = services of credit and insurance institutions
  - 7 = real estate and renting services, other professional, business activities
  - 8 = general government and other private and public services
  - 9 = not employed.
- Employed: Main employment, work status (dummy; 1 = employee or self-employed)
- Employee: Main employment, work status (dummy; 1 = employee)